

综合复习（讲义）

一、单项选择（每题 1 分，共 15 分）

- () 1. — _____?
—It was great!
A. How are you
B. How is the weather
C. How did you get to school
D. How was the show
- () 2. — _____?
—He is a short man with curly hair.
A. How is Mr. Smith
B. What is Mr. Smith like
C. What does Mr. Smith look like
D. How does Mr. Smith like
- () 3. Jane can play the piano very well. She wants to be a _____
like Langlang.
A. host B. singer C. musician D. dancer
- () 4. —Why did you _____ school late today?
—Because I _____ late this morning.
A. arrive at; woke up B. arrive in; wake up
C. arrive at; wake up D. arrive in; woke up
- () 5. —Where is your father?
—He _____ the music in the room.
A. is listening B. listens to
C. is listening to D. listening to
- () 6. Jim _____ sing Chinese songs very well now, but he _____
do it last year.
A. can; can't B. could; can't
C. can; couldn't D. could; couldn't
- () 7. —Dad, why should I stop _____ computer games?
—For your health, my boy, I'm afraid you _____.
A. to play; must B. playing; have to
C. to play; can D. playing; may

- ()8. Please _____ the meat and I want to make some dumplings.
 A. cut up B. cut down
 C. put up D. blow out
- ()9. —How much do you usually _____ on food and clothes every month?
 —About ¥600.
 A. take B. cost C. spend D. pay
- ()10. —Why are you standing, Alice?
 —I can't see the blackboard clearly. Two tall boys are sitting _____ me.
 A. behind B. next to
 C. between D. in front of
- ()11. Amy can play the piano, sing and dance but I can't do _____.
 A. any B. another C. other D. either
- ()12. I have _____ to do. Please give me _____ to read.
 A. something; anything
 B. nothing; something
 C. nothing; everything
 D. anything; nothing
- ()13. —Is there a No. 2 bus stop near here?
 —Yes, there is. _____ at the second crossing, and you will find it.
 A. Turning left B. Turn left
 C. To turn left D. Turns left
- ()14. _____ it is today!
 A. How cold B. What cold
 C. How a cold D. What a cold
- ()15. —_____ do you want to go to a movie?
 —Let's go at 6:00.
 A. Where B. When C. Why D. How

二、完形填空 (每题 1 分, 共 10 分)

Jack arrived in a big city of China. When he got off the train, he felt very hungry (饥饿的) and wanted to 16_____ some food. But he didn't know 17_____ to get to a food shop, so he bought a

18_____ of the city.

Jack read the map carefully. Then he walked along Heping Street and 19_____ right when he saw the traffic lights. But he was 20_____. He didn't find any food shops there!

Jack went to ask a policeman 21_____ help. He couldn't speak any Chinese, so he 22_____ a piece of paper and drew a food shop on it. The policeman was 23_____ and he knew what Jack wanted to do. He told Jack to go 24_____ the bridge and then walk on for about 25_____. The food shop was next to a big hospital.

Jack found the food shop at last.

- ()16. A. bring B. catch C. make D. have
()17. A. how B. what C. where D. when
()18. A. map B. ticket C. photo D. calendar
()19. A. moved B. stayed C. turned D. got
()20. A. good B. bad C. right D. wrong
()21. A. of B. for C. with D. from
()22. A. put away B. came out
 C. put up D. took out
()23. A. clever B. lucky C. interesting D. happy
()24. A. past B. across C. through D. above
()25. A. 100g B. 100 cm C. 100 m D. 100 km

三、阅读理解（每题 1 分，共 20 分）

A

Three boys, Tom, Sam and Jim bought seventeen apples. Tom wanted the half (一半). Sam wanted one-third (三分之一), and Jim wanted one-ninth (九分之一). But they didn't know how to do it.

Just at that time, a little boy came with an apple in his hand. The boy said to them, "Don't worry. Let me help you." Then he put his apple into their apples, and made the number of the apples eighteen. Then he gave Tom nine apples, he gave Sam six apples and he gave Jim two apples. He gave away seventeen apples and took his apple back.

The three boys were very happy. And they said: "How clever the boy is!"

根据短文内容，选择正确的选项。

- ()26. There were _____ apples when the three boys divided (分配) them.
A. fifteen B. sixteen C. seventeen D. eighteen
- ()27. What was the three boys' problem?
A. They couldn't eat the apples.
B. They couldn't go home.
C. They couldn't divide the apples.
D. They wanted to borrow some apples.
- ()28. What did the little boy do to help them?
A. He put his apple into theirs when he divided the apples.
B. He kept an apple to divide the apples.
C. He got one apple from another man.
D. He ate an apple before he divided them.
- ()29. Which one is right?
A. The three boys asked the little boy to divide their apples.
B. The little boy helped them to divide their apples.
C. The little boy wanted to help them.
D. The little boy wanted to take away their apples.
- ()30. The underlined sentence "How clever the boy is!" means in Chinese.
A. 这个男孩是多么地感激啊!
B. 他怎么样才能聪明啊!
C. 这是一个什么样的男孩啊!
D. 多么聪明的男孩啊!

B

In England, afternoon tea is the most informal (非正式) meal of a day. It is taken between four and five. If you are a friend of the family, you may come for tea at any time. Very often it is not taken at a table. The members of the family and visitors take the tea in the sitting room. Each person has a cup and saucer (茶盘), a spoon (调羹) and a small plate for bread and butter (黄油) and cakes. By the way, do not help yourself to cakes first, bread and butter first, and then cake. Do remember: Though you can eat as much as you want, do not put more than (超过) one piece of bread or cake on your

plate each time.

- ()31. In England, afternoon tea is usually taken _____.
- A. between breakfast and lunch
 - B. in the middle of day
 - C. early in the afternoon
 - D. late in the afternoon
- ()32. A real English afternoon tea has _____.
- A. tea only
 - B. both tea and food
 - C. tea food and vegetables
 - D. the same things as other meals
- ()33. If you want to have afternoon tea in a friend's home, _____.
- A. you must send a message before you go
 - B. you must take food with you
 - C. you may go only when you're asked to
 - D. you may go at any time
- ()34. Help yourself to _____.
- A. cake first
 - B. bread and butter first
 - C. either bread first or cake first
 - D. only one piece of bread or cake
- ()35. Which of the following is NOT true?
- A. Each person has a cup and saucer (茶盘), a spoon (调羹) and a small plate for the afternoon tea.
 - B. Afternoon tea is often taken in the sitting room.
 - C. For afternoon tea, people use cups only.
 - D. Afternoon tea is often taken with bread and cake.

C

June 7th Saturday

Cloudy

What an exciting weekend I had! We had a basketball game with the team Center City. The players in that team are all tall and strong. They thought they could beat (战胜) us. But we played well. At last we won the game, 4:3.

Eric

June 14th Saturday Rainy

My friend Dale phoned me to go to the beach this morning. But it started to rain after breakfast. I just watched the boring TV show at home.

Jim

June 15th Sunday Sunny

I had a busy Sunday. In the morning, I went to the art club to learn to draw for two hours. Then I cleaned the rooms. In the afternoon, I cooked dinner with my mother for my father. Do you know why? It was my father's birthday! In the evening, my parents and I went to see a movie.

Ruth

- ()36. When did Eric have the basketball game?
A. On Sunday. B. On a sunny day.
C. On June 7th. D. On June 14th.
- ()37. Jim couldn't go to the beach because _____.
A. he had to watch the basketball game
B. he had to learn to draw
C. he cleaned the rooms at home
D. it started to rain after breakfast.
- ()38. What did Ruth think of her Sunday?
A. Exciting. B. Bad. C. Boring. D. Busy.
- ()39. The word "won" means _____.
A. 赢得 B. 输掉 C. 放弃 D. 对抗
- ()40. Which one is TRUE?
A. It was sunny when Eric had the basketball game.
B. Ruth's father's birthday is on June 15th.
C. Jim learned to draw and cleaned the rooms on Sunday morning.
D. Ruth went to see a movie with Jim and Eric.

D

Miss Li is going for a trip in some cities in the country. She wants to go to Beijing or Hangzhou by plane. But she doesn't know what the weather will (将) be like tomorrow. Now she is watching the weather forecast (预报) on TV.

“Good evening! And here is the weather report for the next twenty-four hours. Most of north China will have a cold day with a lot of snow. There will be a strong wind to the north of the Huaihai River. In the south it will be fine in the day, but at night it will be rainy. The rain will be very heavy in some places. Beijing will have snow. The temperature (温度) will be from 0°C to 3°C. Hangzhou will be foggy (有雾的) with the temperature from 6°C to 14°C.”

- ()41. How will be the weather in Beijing tomorrow?
A. Sunny. B. Windy. C. Cloudy. D. Snowy.
- ()42. What is Miss Li going to do?
A. She's going for a trip in the country.
B. She's going to give the weather forecast on TV.
C. She's going to watch the weather forecast on TV.
C. She is going to visit her friend in some cities.
- ()43. What's the temperature in Beijing tomorrow?
A. From 6°C to 14°C. B. From 0°C to 3°C.
C. From 3°C to 14°C. D. From 0°C to 6°C.
- ()44. Can Miss Li go to Hangzhou by plane tomorrow according to (根据) the weather forecast? Why or why not?
A. Yes, because it will be a fine day tomorrow.
B. No, because it will be rainy there tomorrow.
C. No, because it will be cloudy there tomorrow.
D. No, because it will be foggy there tomorrow.
- ()45. Which of the following is TRUE from the passage?
A. It will be rainy in Beijing tomorrow.
B. It will be fine at night in the south.
C. Beijing and Hangzhou don't have fine weather for trips tomorrow.
D. Most of North China will be windy and rainy.

四、词语运用 (每题 1 分, 共 10 分)

A. 根据句意和首字母提示完成下列单词。

46. —Excuse me. Is there a bank near here?

—Sorry, I'm just a v_____ here.

47. Please be q_____. I can't hear what they are talking about.

48. L_____, I got a taxi at this time of night and got home early.

49. —Who w_____ the answers on the blackboard?

—Our teacher did.

50. Lin Zhiying is 38 years old, but he still looks very h_____.

B. 根据句意，用所给单词的适当形式填空。

51. It takes Jim around half an hour _____ (get) to school from Monday to Friday.

52. Jenny is a very _____ (friend) girl. She likes helping others.

53. I just want to stay at home. It is raining _____ (heavy) outside.

54. Everyone _____ (be) at home last Saturday.

55. There are shoes of all _____ (size) in the store.

五、补全对话（每题 2 分，共 10 分）

W: waiter S: Sally

W: Good afternoon. 56. _____

S: I'd like some noodles, please.

W: We have beef, chicken and mutton noodles.

57. _____

S: Are there any vegetables in the beef noodles?

W: 58. _____

There are some potatoes.

S: OK, I'd like beef and potato noodles.

W: We have large, medium and small bowls.

59. _____

S: I'd like a small one.

60. _____

W: 15 *yuan*.

六、书面表达（15 分）

昨天是我的生日，以 My Birthday 为题，写一篇文章，不少于 60 个单词

提示词：

1. birthday, yesterday, morning, my home, presents
2. KTV, go home, a delicious dinner
3. after dinner, birthday cake

My Birthday

【参考答案】

一、

1—5: DCCAC 6—10: CBACD 11—15: ABBAB

二、

16—20: DAACD 21—25: BDABB

三、

26—30: CCABD 31—35: DBDBC 36—40: CDDAB

41—45: DABDC

四、

46. visitor 47. quiet 48. Luckily

49. wrote 50. handsome 51. to get

52. friendly 53. heavily 54. will be

55. sizes

五、

56. What would you like?

57. What kind of noodles would you like?

58. Yes, there are.

59. What size would you like?

60. How much is it?

六、

例文:

My birthday

It was my birthday yesterday. My friends held a birthday party for me.

In the morning, they came to my home early, and they brought many presents for me. I invited them to the KTV. We sang songs, danced and played games.

About 5:30 p.m., we went to my home. My mother cooked a delicious dinner for us. After dinner, we ate the birthday cake. There were fifteen candles on my birthday cake. I made a wish, and then I blew the candles out in one go.

I had an interesting birthday party. We had a good time yesterday.